



World Food Programme

SAVING LIVES
CHANGING LIVES

WFP Yemen Situation Report #10 October 2022



WFP SIX-MONTH NET FUNDING REQUIREMENT

NOV 2022 – APR 2023
US\$ 950.1 MILLION

WFP 2019-2022 INTERIM COUNTRY STRATEGIC PLAN

(Original needs-based plan, December 2021)

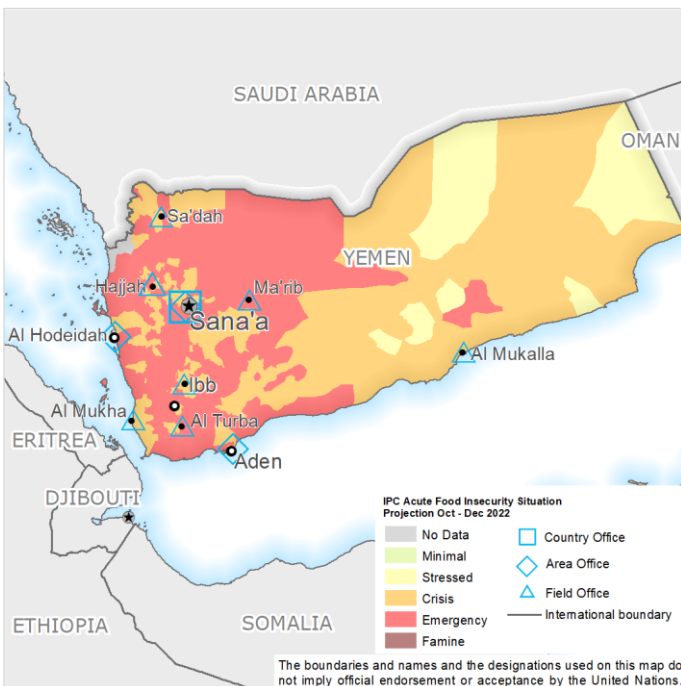
2022 REQUIREMENT
US\$ 1.98 BILLION

2022 HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE PLAN

2022 REQUIREMENT
US\$ 4.27 BILLION

YEMEN IPC ACUTE FOOD INSECURITY PROJECTION

OCTOBER – DECEMBER 2022 (NOVEMBER 2022 UPDATE)



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In Numbers

17 million people food insecure¹

6.1 million people in IPC Phase 4 (*Emergency*)¹

3.5 million people acutely malnourished²

10.9 million people assisted by WFP in October

Highlights

- The nationwide truce ended on 02 October as the parties to the conflict failed to reach an agreement on an extension.
- An Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) update shows an improvement in the food security outlook for Yemen (October-December), with no populations in IPC Phase 5 (*Catastrophe*) for the first time in three years.
- Under the terms of the Black Sea Grain Initiative, the first vessel carrying Ukrainian wheat flour arrived in Yemen on 15 October.
- WFP in October partially resumed both its malnutrition prevention programme and its Resilience and Livelihoods activity following temporary suspensions due to funding shortfalls and supply challenges.

SITUATION UPDATE

Food Security Situation:

- The [Yemen Integrated Food Security Phase Classification \(IPC\) projection update for October-December 2022](#) was released on 16 November. The update indicates similarly high levels of food insecurity as in the first half of 2022. However, the update shows an improvement in the food security outlook compared to the previous projection for the June-December 2022 period [released](#) in March 2022.
- The IPC update indicates a decrease of 2 million people in (IPC Phase 3 and above), and 1.2 million people in IPC Phase 4 (*Emergency*). While this update shows that IPC Phase 5 (*Catastrophe*) has been prevented, and the 161,000 people previously classified in this phase in the June-December projection have now shifted to the lower phases, close monitoring remains essential.
- The update reflects multiple positive mitigating drivers since March, including the impacts of the 02 April truce, above-normal rainfall, and increased humanitarian

¹ Integrated Food Security Phase Classification Acute Food Insecurity (IPC AFI) projection update, October – December 2022.

² Integrated Food Security Phase Classification Acute Malnutrition (IPC AMN) analysis, January – May 2022.

Photo: © WFP/ Mohammed Nasher, The WFP-chartered vessel "MV Brave Commander" arrives in Yemen, carrying Ukrainian wheat flour for WFP general food assistance (GFA) programme. Al Hodeidah port, Al Hodeidah governorate.

assistance, specifically food assistance, which has worked to contain the food insecurity situation.

Political Situation:

- After six months, the parties to the conflict [failed](#) on 02 October to reach agreement on an extension to the nationwide truce, which had been in place since 02 April. As of end of October, negotiations were ongoing with the parties to the conflict as well as regional and international partners.

Security Situation:

- No significant military escalation has been reported after the truce ended (despite reports of scattered hostilities) and no airstrikes have been reported.
- By the end of October, IOM Rapid Displacement Tracking had [reported](#) 55,400 people displaced so far this year, with 24,200 displaced since the truce came into effect on 02 April.



WFP OPERATIONS

- **WFP assisted approximately 10.9 million people across its activities in Yemen in October 2022:**

General Food Assistance (GFA):

- WFP in October concluded distributions under the fifth GFA cycle (with 13.2 million people assisted) and commenced distributions under cycle 6 (targeting 13.2 million people).
- Over the calendar month of October, WFP distributed GFA to approximately 10.3 million people¹: 7.6 million people with in-kind food assistance; 1.6 million people with commodity vouchers; and 1.1 million people with US\$ 1.3 million in cash-based transfers.
- WFP has so far this year completed five GFA assistance cycles, assisting on average 13 million people each cycle. Distributions under the 6th GFA cycle are ongoing and were 37 percent complete as of the end of October.

WFP Supply Chain

- By the end of October, WFP had completed dispatches under GFA cycle 6 and started dispatches for cycle 7. 82,600 metric tons (mt) of food was dispatched over the calendar month of October under cycles 6 and 7.
- Under the terms of the [Black Sea Grain Initiative \(BSGI\)](#), the first WFP-chartered vessel “MV Brave Commander”, carrying Ukrainian wheat flour for WFP’s general food assistance (GFA) programme, [berthed](#) at Al Hodeidah port on 15 October.

- The vessel carried the first consignment (14,000 mt) from the [second sea shipment](#) of WFP-purchased wheat grains which departed Ukraine on 30 August on the bulk carrier “MV Karteria” with 37,000 mt of wheat grains to be milled in Turkey before shipping to Yemen.

UN Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM):

- In October, the Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) [assisted](#) 9,100 people. The RRM is led by UNFPA with UNICEF and WFP as supply partners, with WFP providing ready-to-eat food.

Nutrition Assistance:

- WFP in October resumed malnutrition prevention interventions in Yemen as part of the World Bank-funded WFP-FAO-UNDP Food Security Response and Resilience Project (FSRRP). WFP was in June forced to [suspend](#) the programme due to supply interruption and funding shortfalls, affecting two million planned beneficiaries.
- **WFP assisted 1.1 million Yemeni children and mothers with nutrition assistance in Yemen in October:**² Under its Treatment of Moderate Acute Malnutrition programme, WFP assisted 280,100 children aged 6 to 59 months and 240,800 mothers. Under its Prevention of Acute Malnutrition programme, WFP assisted 281,100 children aged 6 to 23 months and 262,900 mothers.
- WFP provided cash assistance to 2,230 mothers under its Cash Assistance for Nutrition activity.

School Feeding:

- **WFP in October assisted 667,400 schoolchildren in Yemen under its School Feeding programme:** WFP school feeding took place across 1,378 schools in 21 districts across 12 governorates, with 1,000 mt of school feeding commodities distributed.
- Under the Healthy Kitchens pilot project, WFP assisted 20,600 schoolchildren in 13 schools in Aden city (under the internationally recognized Government of Yemen, IRG). Construction works started in October in preparation for the expansion of the project to areas under the Sana’a-based authorities, with plans to serve an initial 7,000 schoolchildren in 9 schools in the most vulnerable areas of Sana’a city.

Resilience and Livelihoods:

- WFP in October resumed field implementation of its Resilience and Livelihoods-activity in Yemen, [suspended](#) as of May due to funding shortfalls.

¹ Under cycles 5 and 6. Note that final GFA distribution figures are under consolidation and are subject to change.

² Note that nutrition assistance figures are based on dispatches, which were still ongoing at the time of writing.

- WFP reached 36,600 people under its livelihoods and resilience activity in October: The participants worked on completing 84 assets, including rural road rehabilitation, water harvesting schemes and agricultural projects, in eight districts across three governorates of nine targeted governorates.

Monitoring and Evaluation:

- WFP conducts tracking, collection and analysis of achievements and overall performance to measure the efficiency and effectiveness of its activities.
- In October, WFP and contracted third-party monitoring companies conducted 2,700 monitoring activities covering all activities, including on-site monitoring visits.
- WFP's call centres conducted 36,600 outgoing calls to verify the receipt of assistance, food delivery to distribution sites, and to collect food security data.
- WFP received 13,100 incoming calls to its Community Feedback Mechanism (CFM), which provides a direct channel for beneficiaries to interface directly with WFP, with cases referred to the relevant WFP office.



CLUSTERS AND COMMON SERVICES

UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS):

- In October, the WFP-managed United Nations Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS) operated 81 flights, transporting 1,350 passengers from 16 UN agencies and 54 international non-governmental organizations.

Logistics Cluster:

- The WFP-led Logistics Cluster supported 23 partners in October through coordination, information management, and access to common storage.
- The Logistic Cluster received 244 m³ of humanitarian cargo in common storage in October on behalf of two partners, while 547 m³ of humanitarian cargo in common storage was released on behalf of two partners. The Logistic Cluster has 19 mobile storage

units on loan to seven partners, with a total storage capacity of 5,920 m².

Emergency Telecommunications Cluster (ETC):

- In October, the WFP-led ETC [provided](#) critical data connectivity to 1,000 humanitarians across 17 sites in Yemen, and security communications services to a total of 2,600 responders supported by eight UNDSS-managed Security Operations Centres (SOCs).

Bilateral Service Provision (BSP):

- In October, WFP BSP delivered 712,000 litres of fuel to WHO and UNICEF-supported hospitals and local water and sanitation (WASH) facilities.
- 67,000 litres of fuel were provided to UN agencies and international non-governmental organizations through the BSP Small-Quantity Fuel Provision-mechanism. WFP BSP also facilitated the shipment of 185 m³ of medical supplies by sea on behalf of WHO, while 6,900 m³ of various non-food items were transported on behalf of ten partners.


FUNDING SITUATION

- Contributions totaling US\$ 142.6 million towards WFP Yemen were confirmed in October. Contributions were confirmed from Australia, Austria, Canada, and Germany (German Federal Foreign Office (GFFO) and German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ)).
- WFP continues to face significant funding shortfalls affecting multiple activities and millions of beneficiaries. WFP's needs-based plan is just 37 percent funded for the next six months (November 2022 – April 2023), with a net funding requirement of USD 950.1 million.

2022 DONORS (AS OF OCTOBER 2022)

Australia, Austria, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF), Denmark, European Union, France, Germany, Iceland, Japan, Republic of Korea, Luxembourg, Norway, Poland, Qatar, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America, Yemen Humanitarian Fund (YHF), WFP multilateral funds, World Bank, and private donors.

WFP YEMEN 2019-2022 INTERIM COUNTRY STRATEGIC PLAN

 ICSP TOTAL (2019 –2022)	TOTAL REQUIREMENT (US\$)	TOTAL RECEIVED (as of 31 October)	6-MONTH NET FUNDING REQUIREMENT (November 2022 – April 2023)	PEOPLE ASSISTED (October 2022)	FEMALE	MALE
Activity 1: General food assistance	8.71 bn	5.40 bn	720 m	10,271,444	5,045,333	5,226,111
Activity 2: Nutrition assistance			135 m	1,064,871	778,679	286,192
Activity 4: School feeding			31 m	667,417	326,267	341,150
Activity 5: Resilience and livelihoods			60 m	36,610	17,983	18,627
Activity 6: United Nations Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)			3 m			
Activity 7: Logistics Cluster			-			
Activity 8: Emergency Telecommunications Cluster			1.9 m			
Activity 9: Bilateral Service Provision			-			
ICSP TOTAL (2019 –2022)					950.1 m	10,893,493

