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HIGHLIGHTS

 WFP data show that hunger continues to spread in Yemen, with record levels of food deprivation observed across the country.

1.2 million

- In areas under the Sana'a-based authorities, WFP is preparing to complete the second food assistance cycle of 2025, which was suspended in April 2025.
- In areas under the internationally recognized Government, WFP initiated the roll-out of the re-targeting and registration exercise in Ta'iz and Ma'rib governorates.
- Funding reductions would hamper WFP's ability to provide life-saving assistance at the scale needed to address a rapidly deteriorating food and nutrition situation.





SITUATION UPDATE

Food Security Situation:

- The prevalence of severe food deprivation (poor food consumption) rose to 39 percent in May. All governorates of Yemen exceeded the "very high" threshold (≥20 percent) for poor food consumption, with peaks recorded in Ad Dali', Al Jawf, Amran, Lahj, and Hajjah governorates.
- Key drivers of food insecurity in Yemen include
 worsening economic challenges, substantial reductions
 in humanitarian assistance gaps caused by funding
 shortages, limited livelihood activities, localized conflict,
 and the delayed and insufficient rainfall.

WFP ACTIVITIES

WFP assisted an estimated 1.2 million people across its activities in Yemen in June.^{1,2}

Food assistance:

WFP provided food assistance to approximately 1 million people in June:

	Food	Cash	Total
North Operational area (SBA)	0	0	0
South Operational area (IRG)	1,015,042	0	1,015,042
Total:	1,015,042	0	1,015,042

 In areas under the internationally recognized Government of Yemen (IRG), WFP continued distributions for the third food assistance cycle of 2025

As instructed by the UN Secretary-General on 10 February, all UN activities remain paused in Sa'dah governorate



- and started distributions for cycle 4 in early July. Both assistance cycles target 3.4 million people.
- In areas under the Sana'a-based authorities (SBA), WFP is preparing to complete the second cycle of the targeted emergency food assistance (TEFA) programme, which was suspended in April 2025. Distributions are planned to start in late July to 803,000 people across 25 districts.

IMPACT OF FUNDING SHORTFALLS - FOOD ASSISTANCE:

Severe funding reductions have hampered WFP's ability to sustain food assistance at adequate levels considering the rapidly <u>deteriorating</u> food security situation in Yemen. WFP continues to advocate for the resources needed to sustain life-saving assistance.

Nutrition assistance:

• WFP assisted 426,100 children and pregnant and breastfeeding women and girls (PBWG) under its nutrition activities in June:3

	Children	PBWG	Total
Management of moderate acute malnutrition (MAM)	112,803	153,753	266,556
Prevention of acute malnutrition	90,780	68,796	159,576
Total:	203,583	222,549	426,132

IMPACT OF FUNDING SHORTFALLS - NUTRITION:

Due to continued funding shortfalls, WFP's malnutrition prevention programme is on hold in SBA areas and operates at reduced levels in IRG areas, affecting 654,000 children and PBWG, 80 percent of the 2025 plan.

While WFP's MAM management programme remains operational across Yemen, the programme faces commodity shortages in SBA areas, as no replenishment is incoming. As such, the programme in SBA area operates at reduced levels facing a complete pipeline break by end of July, with UNICEF taking over high-risk MAM cases in prioritized districts.

School feeding:

No school feeding distributions took place in June as schools were closed for the end-of-school year break.

IMPACT OF FUNDING SHORTFALLS – SCHOOL FEEDING: When schools reopen, due to funding shortfalls, WFP expects to be able to assist approximately 950,000 students, less than half of the originally planned 2 million students.

Resilience and livelihoods:

- WFP supported 44,900 people under its resilience and livelihoods programme in June, transferring US\$ 500,000 in cash-based transfers to participants.
- Participants worked on 74 assets, including rural road rehabilitation, water harvesting, and agricultural projects in three governorates.

CLUSTERS AND COMMON SERVICES

UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS):

• The WFP-managed UNHAS **63** partners operated 57 flights in May, utilized UNHAS services carrying **752 passengers** from 18 UN agencies and 45 non-governmental organizations.

IMPACT OF FUNDING SHORTFALLS - UNHAS:

Facing critical funding shortfalls, WFP discontinued UNHAS services for Addis Ababa and increased ticket fees as of 01 March.

Logistics Cluster:

• The WFP-led Logistics Cluster supported 77 partners in June through coordination, information management, and capacity building programmes.

Emergency Telecommunications Cluster:

• The WFP-led ETC <u>supported</u> 49 partner organizations in June, providing critical data connectivity to more than 1,000 humanitarian workers as well as UN security communications services to 2,100 responders.

IMPACT OF FUNDING SHORTFALLS - ETC:

Due to funding shortfalls, the ETC has phased out operations in seven locations across Yemen. As a result, the number of ETCsupported sites has dropped from 19 to five as of June 2025.

On-demand services:

- WFP delivered 884.000 litres of imported fuel to INGOs in June, to facilitate services in Health and Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH) facilities.
 - f 1 m litres of fuel provided to partners
- 126,000 litres of locally sourced diesel and petrol were provided by WFP to other United Nations agencies and INGOs to sustain their humanitarian activities.
- As of end June, WFP had transported 34 m³ of medical supplies to Aden port on behalf of one partner, and was supporting one partner with sea shipment of 110 m³ of non-food items to Yemen.

TARGETING AND REGISTRATION



Faced with limited resources and to strengthen assurance measures, WFP is conducting a beneficiary re-targeting and registration exercise in Yemen.

In SBA-controlled areas, the roll-out of the full-scale exercise remains on hold pending ongoing negotiations with the authorities. In IRG-controlled areas, WFP in early July has initiated the roll-out of the re-targeting and registration exercise, starting in Ta'iz and Ma'rib governorates.

MONITORING

nt and Monitoring (RAM)



WFP and its third-party monitoring partners conducted 408 on-site monitoring visits in June, covering all implemented activities.

Through its Beneficiary Verification Mechanism, WFP conducted 1,900 outgoing phone calls to verify assistance provision, confirm deliveries to distribution points, and to collect food security data.

WFP received 13,200 incoming phone calls to its Community Feedback Mechanism, which provides a channel for beneficiaries to interface directly with WFP.

